

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF KANAWHA COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

IN RE: OPIOID LITIGATION CIVIL ACTION NO. 19-C-9000

THIS DOCUMENT APPLIES TO:

MAYOR ELMER RAY SPENCE ON BEHALF OF THE TOWN OF DELBARTON, et al.

CARDINAL HEALTH INC., et al.

Civil Action Nos. 20-C-16 MSH through 20-C-27 MSH

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANTS' NOTICES OF NON-PARTY FAULT

Pending before the Mass Litigation Panel are three *Plaintiffs' Motion to Strike Defendants'*Notices of Non-Party Fault (Transaction IDs 65906465, 66034504, and 66081152) filed in the above-captioned cases. The Presiding Judges have reviewed Defendants' Notices of Non-Party Fault¹, Plaintiffs' Motions to Strike (Transaction IDs 65906465, 66034504, and 66081152), and Defendants' Opposition (Transaction ID 66074021), as well as the arguments and positions adopted and incorporated by reference by the parties.

The Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia has held that the Panel's ruling that public nuisance claims are not legal claims that would trigger the constitutional jury trial right or would be subject to comparative fault statutory amendments do not merit prohibition. *State ex rel*.

v.

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¹ See, Cardinal Health's Notice (Transaction ID 65866946); McKesson Corporation's Notice (Transaction ID 66011449); Amneal Pharmaceuticals of New York, LLC's Notice (Transaction ID 66011466); Allergan Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66011665); Walmart Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66011673); Janssen Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66011755); Rite Aid Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66011812); CVS Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66012297); The Kroger Co.'s Notice (Transaction ID 66012329); Endo Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66012339); Par Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID 66012402); Teva Defendants' Notice (Transaction ID No. 66012666); Walgreens' Notice (Transaction ID 66014805); Noramco Inc.'s Notice (Transaction ID 66073518).

Amerisource Bergen Drug Corp. v. Moats, 859 S.E.2d 374, 386 (W.Va. 2021). As stated by the Court:

We grant the extraordinary remedy of prohibition "to correct only substantial, clearcut, legal errors plainly in contravention of a clear statutory, constitutional, or common law mandate which may be resolved independently of any disputed facts[.]" In view of the conflicting authorities outlined above, we cannot say now that the Panel's ruling—that Plaintiffs' public nuisance claims are not legal claims for damages that would trigger the constitutional jury trial right, or that are subject to the 2015 Act—is so clear-cut, or so plainly in contravention of a clear legal mandate as to merit issuance of the extraordinary remedy of prohibition on those grounds. For that reason, we deny the writ requested by Petition No. 20-0751, challenging the Panel's August 4, 2020, order as it relates to the applicability of the 2015 Act to the State's public nuisance claim. And, we deny in part the writ requested in Petition in No. 20-0694, insofar as it seeks relief from (1) the Panel's July 29, 2020, order granting Plaintiffs' motion to strike notices of non-party fault and (2) the portions of the Panels' orders of February 19, 2020, and July 23, 2020, denying Defendants' requests for a jury trial of Plaintiffs' public nuisance claims (liability only) on the grounds that those claims are legal, and not equitable.

Id. at 385-386 (internal citations omitted). The Supreme Court granted Defendants' petition only on the alternate ground "that the Panel cannot conduct a bench trial on liability for Plaintiffs' public nuisance claims without violating Defendants' right to try Plaintiffs' other, indisputably legal claims to a jury." Id. at 386 (emphasis in original.) However, all City/County and Hospital Plaintiffs voluntarily dismissed all claims for relief, without prejudice, with the express exception of Plaintiffs' equitable claims for public nuisance. See (Transaction IDs 66922936, 66936677, 66940716, 66942534, 66951004 and 66987420).

Because the Panel concludes that W. Va. Code § 55-7-13d and its predecessor statute do not apply to Plaintiffs' equitable claims for abatement of public nuisance, Plaintiffs' Motions to Strike (Transaction IDs 65906465, 66034504, and 66081152) are **GRANTED** for the reasons set forth in the Panel's *Order Regarding Plaintiffs' Motion to Strike Defendants' Notices of Non-Party Fault* (Transaction ID 65807300) entered on July 29, 2020.

All objections and exceptions to the Panel's Order are noted and preserved for the record.

A copy of this Order has this day been electronically served on all counsel of record via File &

Serve*Xpress*.

It is so **ORDERED**.

ENTERED: October 8, 2021.

/s/ Alan D. Moats Lead Presiding Judge Opioid Litigation

/s/ Derek C. Swope Presiding Judge Opioid Litigation