



IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF KANAWHA COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

IN RE: OPIOID LITIGATION

CIVIL ACTION NO. 19-C-9000

THIS DOCUMENT APPLIES TO:

THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF MASON COUNTY, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

**Civil Action Nos. 19-C-4 MSH
Through 19-C-9 MSH**

PURDUE PHARMA, L.P., et al.,

Defendants.

**MAYOR PEGGY KNOTTS BARNEY, ON
BEHALF OF THE CITY OF GRAFTON, and
MAYOR PHILIP BOWERS, ON BEHALF OF
THE CITY OF PHILIPPI,**

Plaintiffs,

v.

**Civil Action Nos. 19-C-151 MSH
and 19-C-152 MSH**

PURDUE PHARMA, L.P., et al.,

Defendants.

**ORDER REGARDING THE MANUFACTURERS' JOINT
MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM**

Pending before the Court is the *Manufacturers' Joint Motion to Dismiss for Failure to State a Claim* (Transaction ID 64450193) filed in the above-styled civil actions pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6) of the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure.¹ The motion has been fully briefed by the parties.

¹ The Manufacturer Defendants are: Teva Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd.; Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc.; Cephalon, Inc.; Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; Johnson & Johnson; Noramco, Inc.; Endo Health Solutions, Inc.; Endo Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; Allergan Finance, LLC f/k/a Actavis, Inc. f/k/a Watson Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; Actavis LLC; Actavis Pharma, Inc. f/k/a Watson Pharma, Inc. (incorrectly named as a separate entity in the Complaint); and Watson Laboratories, Inc.

As explained by the Court in *John W. Lodge Distributing Co., Inc. v. Texaco, Inc.*, 161 W. Va. 603, 604-606, 245 S.E.2d 157, 158-159 (1978):

The purpose of a motion under Rule 12(b)(6) of the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure is to test the formal sufficiency of the complaint. For purposes of the motion to dismiss, the complaint is construed in the light most favorable to plaintiff, and its allegations are to be taken as true. Since common law demurrers have been abolished, pleadings are now liberally construed so as to do substantial justice. W.Va. R.C.P. 8(f). The policy of the rule is thus to decide cases upon their merits, and if the complaint states a claim upon which relief can be granted under any legal theory, a motion under Rule 12(b)(6) must be denied.

* * *

In view of the liberal policy of the rules of pleading with regard to the construction of plaintiff's complaint, and in view of the policy of the rules favoring the determination of actions on the merits, the motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim should be viewed with disfavor and rarely granted. The standard which plaintiff must meet to overcome a Rule 12(b)(6) motion is a liberal standard, and few complaints fail to meet it. The plaintiff's burden in resisting a motion to dismiss is a relatively light one. *Williams v. Wheeling Steel Corp.*, 266 F.Supp. 651 (N.D.W.Va.1967)

A trial court considering a motion to dismiss under Rule 12(b)(6) must "liberally construe the complaint so as to do substantial justice." *Cantley v. Lincoln Co. Comm'n.*, 221 W. Va. 468, 470, 655 S.E.2d 490, 492 (2007) and West Virginia Rule of Civil Procedure, Rule 8(f). "The trial court, in appraising the sufficiency of a complaint on a Rule 12(b)(6) motion, should not dismiss the complaint unless it appears beyond doubt that the plaintiff can prove no set of facts in support of his claim which would entitle him to relief." *Id.* at Syl. pt. 2, quoting Syl. pt. 3, *Chapman v. Kane Transfer Company*, W.Va., 236 S.E.2d 207 (1977).

Having reviewed the motion to dismiss and all of the briefing, and having conferred with one another to ensure uniformity of their decision, as contemplated by *Rule 26.07(a)* of the *West Virginia Trial Court Rules*, the Presiding Judges unanimously **FIND** that, construing the Complaints in the light most favorable to Plaintiffs, and taking the allegations as true, the Complaints sufficiently state claims upon which relief can be granted, and the Defendants have

not demonstrated that Plaintiffs can prove no set of facts in support of their claims which would entitle them to relief. Accordingly, the Presiding Judges unanimously **DENY** the *Manufacturers' Joint Motion to Dismiss for Failure to State a Claim* (Transaction ID 64450193) filed in the above-styled civil actions as to all Counts, except Count IV – W.Va. Code §§ 60A-8-1 and 55-7-9, and Count VII – Intentional Acts and Omissions, which the Court takes under advisement.

All exceptions and objections are noted and preserved for the record.

A copy of this Order has been electronically served on all counsel of record this day via File & Serve*Xpress*.

It is so **ORDERED**.

ENTERED: February 5, 2020.

/s/ Alan D. Moats
Lead Presiding Judge
Opioid Litigation